



CTCN

CLIMATE TECHNOLOGY CENTRE & NETWORK
UNFCCC Technology Mechanism

Technology Support for Resilient Cities

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Hydrodynamic modelling for flood reduction and climate resilient infrastructure development pathways in Jakarta

Baseline

Jakarta is increasingly threatened by flooding due to a combination of rising sea levels, land subsidence and higher river levels caused by extreme weather

Problem Statement

There is a need to reduce impacts of urban flooding on life and property in Jakarta

Objectives

Strengthen expertise of government agencies to formulate policy and action plans to reduce flooding and to advance climate resilient city planning in Jakarta

Enhance the local stakeholder's capacity to replicate the hydrodynamic modelling in other locations



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How it Works - Technical Assistance



↓ MITIGATION

↻ ADAPTATION



Agriculture



Renewable Energy

Energy Efficiency



Transport



Waste Management



Forestry

Industry



Agriculture & Forestry



Human Health

Coastal Zones



Early Warning & Environmental Assessment

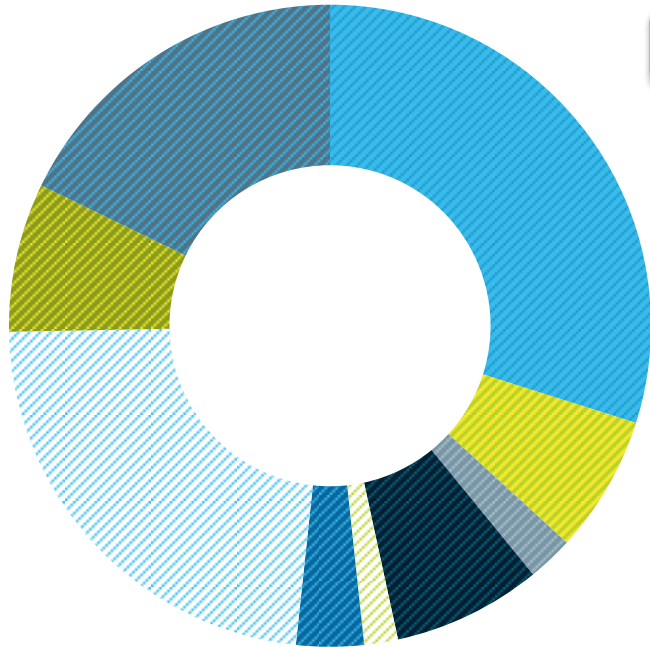


Marine & Fisheries

Water



Infrastructure, Transport & Urban Design



Decision-making tools and/or information provision

- Sectoral roadmaps and strategies
- Recommendations for law, policy and regulations
- Financing facilitation
- Private sector engagement and market creation
- Research and development of technologies
- Feasibility of technology
- Piloting and deployment of technologies in local conditions
- Technology identification and prioritisation

The TA aims to strengthen the expertise of national and urban planners in Jakarta to assess flood risks and hazards and to design climate-resilient pathways to reduce the magnitude and scale of the impacts from increased urban flooding

Taking the right steps



Interested parties in developing countries contact their national focal point (National Designated Entity (NDE)) to request climate technology assistance.

The NDE confirms the alignment of the request with its national climate priorities and passes it along to the CTCN.

The CTCN collaborates with the NDE and applicants to develop a tailored technology transfer plan.

The Climate Technology Centre selects a Consortium or Network member to implement the technology solution.

The response

- Develop a hydro-dynamic model to evaluate hard and soft engineering solutions that reduce flooding risks
- Conduct a socio-cultural survey to identify impacts of different adaptation options on inhabitants and the local economy
- Produce recommendations for climate resilience urban infrastructure development to reduce flooding risks
- Organise technology transfer workshops to strengthen local expertise in hydrological modelling and urban infrastructure options

The network in numbers



68

Private sector
organization



51

Research &
academic institution



20

Not for profit
organization



7

Intergovernmental
organization



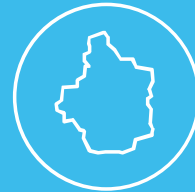
8

Partnership/initiative



16

Public sector organization



1

Regional organization



30

non-governmental
organization

CTCN in Indonesia

Other Resilience Support

Coastal hazard
mapping

Ecosystem
based
approaches to
urban adaptation

Resilient city
action plans

Early warning
systems

Saline water
purification

Building code
revision



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